

STEENICKA, F.

New methods of experimenting with forest products. p. 43

SYLWAN (Wydział Nauk Rolniczych i Lesnych Polskiej Akademii Nauk i Polskie Towarzystwo Lesne) Warszawa, Poland. Vol. 103, no. 3, Mar 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 9, September 1959.  
Uncl.

DRUZHININA, Z.I.; ZAVADOVSKAYA, Ye.K.; STEBNITSKAYA, G.V.

Ionic electric conductivity of single crystals in solid solutions  
and mechanical mixtures of alkali metal halides. Izv. TPJ 95:  
217-225 '58. (MIRA 14:9)

(Solutions, Solid--Electric porperties)  
(Alkali metal halides--Electric properties)

AID P - 4649

Subject : USSR/Aeronautics - gyropilot  
Card 1/1 Pub. 135 - 15/26  
Author : Stebunov, A. G., Eng.-Lt.  
Title : The use of gyropilot at high altitudes  
Periodical : Vest. vozd. flota, 5, 70-72, My 1956  
Abstract : Description of the maintenance of gyropilot and its use  
at high altitudes is given. The article is of informative  
value.  
Institution : None  
Submitted : No date

TOLSTYKH, Aleksandra Stepanovna; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; PONOMAREVA, A.A.,  
tekhn.red.

[Organization and establishing work norms in an industrial  
enterprise] Organizatsiia i tekhnicheskoe normirovanie truda  
na promyshlennom predpriatii. Moskva, Izd-vo ekon.lit-ry,  
1962. 60 p. (MIRA 15:4)  
(Industrial management) (Production standards)

KVACHEV, Vladimir Mikhaylovich, agronom-ekonomist; STEBUNOV, N.S.,  
red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Reducing the cost of production on collective farms; as  
exemplified by suburban collective farms in Moscow Province]  
Snizhenie sebestoimosti produktsii v kolkhozakh; na primere  
prigorodnykh kolkhozov Podmoskov'ia. Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1962.  
66 p. (MIRA 15:9)

(Moscow Province--Collective farms--Costs)

USPENSKIY, Vasil'y Vasil'yevich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; GERASIMOVA,  
Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[The cost of building and assembly work] Sebestoimost'  
stroitel'no-montazhnykh rabot. Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1962.  
74 p. (MIRA 15:7)

(Construction industry--Costs)

SHUKSTAL', Yanina Vladislavovna; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; GERASIMOVA,  
Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Technical and economic efficiency of electric and diesel traction in railroad transportation] Tekhniko-ekonomicheskaya effektivnost' elektricheskoi i teplovoznnoi tiagi na zhelezno-dorozhnom transporte. Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1962. 79 p.  
(MIRA 15:6)

(Electric railroads) (Diesel locomotives)  
(Railroads--Cost of operation)

BORISOV, Yevgeniy Filippovich; ZAYTSEV, Rostislav L'vovich;  
STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; PONOMAREVA, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Socialist competition and the economics of enterprises]  
Sotsialisticheskoe sorevnovanie i ekonomika predpriatii.  
Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1962. 93 p. (MIRA 15:10)  
(Socialist competition) (Industrial management)



TOLPEKIN, Stefan Zakharovich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; PONOMAREVA,  
A.A., tekhn. red.

[Over-all mechanization of agriculture; economic effectiveness]  
Kompleksnaia mekhanizatsiia sel'skogo khoziaistva; ekonomiche-  
skaia effektivnost'. Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1962. 139 p.  
(MIRA 16:3)

(Farm mechanization)

PAVLOV, Sergey Maksimovich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; TARASOVA, T.K.,  
mladshiy red.; PONOMAREVA, A.A., tekhn. red.

[The problem of problems; increasing the effectiveness of  
capital investments] Vopros voprosov; za povyshenie ef-  
fektivnosti kapital'nykh zatrat. Moskva, Ekonomizdat,  
1963. 65 p. (MIRA 16:7)

(Metallurgical plants--Design and construction)  
(Construction industry--Economic aspects)

MOROZOV, Nikolay Stepanovich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S.,  
tekhn. red.

[Collective farm system is the road of the peasantry toward  
communism] Kolkhoznii stroi - put' krest'ianstva k kom-  
munizmu. Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1963. 70 p. (MIRA 16:5)  
(Collective farms)

PODKOVYROV, Nikolay Alekseyevich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.;  
MISHNAYEVSKAYA, G.V., mlad. red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S.,  
tekhn. red.

[Improve the establishment of work norms] Sovershenstvo-  
vat' normirovanie truda. Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1963. 79 p.  
(MIRA 16:7)

(Production standards)

OLDAK, Pavel Grigor'yevich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; MISHNAYEVSKAYA,  
G.V., mlad. red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Economic problems of raising standard of living] Ekonomi-  
cheskie problemy povysheniia urovnia zhizni. Moskva,  
Ekonomizdat, 1963. 110 p. (MIRA 16:12)  
(Cost and standard of living)

SKOVORODA, Konstantin Martynovich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.;  
MISHNAYEVSKAYA, G.V., mlad. red.; PONOMAREVA, A.A.,  
tekhn. red.

[Principles of planning the retail of merchandise] Osnovy  
planirovaniia roznichnogo tovarooborota. Moskva, Eko-  
nomizdat, 1963. 136 p. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Nachal'nik Upravleniia prodovol'stvennykh tovarov Gosu-  
darstvennogo komiteta po trgovle (for Skovoroda).  
(Retail trade)

KOSHUTA, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich; STEBONOV, N.S., red.;  
SLUTSKINA, TS.S., mlad. red.

[Determining prices for the products of machinery  
manufacturing] Opredelenie tsen na produktsiiu mashino-  
stroeniia. Moskva, Ekonomika, 1964. 75 p.  
(MIRA 17:11)

MERZHANOV, Grigoriy Sergeyevich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; MISHNAYEVSKAYA,  
G.V., mlad. red.

[Balance sheet compilation in planning and accounting;  
methodological instructions, schedules, and calculations]  
Balansovye raschety v planirovanii i uchete; metodicheskie  
ukazaniia, skhemy, raschety. Moskva, Ekonomika, 1964. 142 p.  
(MIRA 17:10)



FEI'D, Semon Davidovich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.

[Unified power balance of the national economy; problems  
of optimum utilization] Edinyi energeticheskii balans na-  
rodnogo khoziaistva: problemy optimizatsii. Moskva, Eko-  
nomika, 1964. 311 p. (MIRA 17:10)

ROZE, Mikhail Grigor'yevich; ROSSINSKIY, Mikhail Borisovich;  
STEBUNOV, N.S., red.; MISHNAYEVSKAYA, G.V., mlad.  
red.

[The planning and economics of consumer service industries]  
Planirovanie i ekonomika bytovogo obsluzhivaniia nasele-  
niia. Moskva, Ekonomika, 1964. 118 p. (MIRA 18:2)

DROGICHINSKIY, Nikolay Yamel'yanovich; STEBUNOV, N.S., red.

[Organization of industrial management and planning at the present-day stage] Organizatsiia upravleniia promyshlennost'iu i planirovaniia na sovremennom etape. Moskva, Ekonomika, 1965. 150 p. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Nachal'nik planovo-ekonomicheskogo upravleniya Ukrain-skogo sovnarkhoza Gosplana Ukr.SSR (for Drogichinskiy).

86048 ~  
S/020/60/135/003/034/039  
B004/B060

11.1190  
AUTHORS:

Vidvenko, V. M.; Corresponding Member of the AS USSR;  
Legin, Ye. K.; Stebunov, O. B. and Shcharbakov, V. A.

TITLE:

Relaxation of Protons in Hydrogen Peroxide Solutions  
Irradiated With Ultraviolet Light

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1960, Vol. 135, No. 3:  
pp. 645 - 647

TEXT: The present paper deals with the problem of reducing the relaxation time  $T_1$  of protons in aqueous solutions by the effect of ionizing radiation. As a special case, they report on their measurements of  $T_1$  in  $H_2O_2$ , where chain reactions take place under the action of ultraviolet light. Initial 30%  $H_2O_2$  was concentrated at 15 - 20 mm Hg. Tests were conducted in quartz ampoules at room temperature. The radiation source was a ПРК-2 (PRK-2) lamp. Fig. 1 shows the ratio between relaxation signal A in irradiated  $H_2O_2$  of varying concentration and signal  $A_0$  in non-irradiated  $H_2O_2$ .

Card 1/3

86048

856

S/020/60/135/003/034/039  
B004/B060

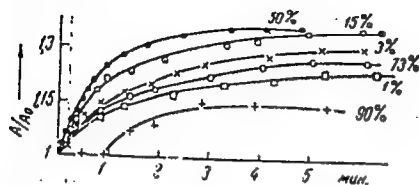


Fig.1

Card 3/3

S/192/61/002/001/005/006  
E:07/B2:8

AUTHORS: Vdovenko, V. M., Stebunov, O. B., and Shcherbakov, V. A.

TITLE: Proton relaxation in aqueous solutions of diamagnetic salts

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal strukturnoy khimii, v. 2, no. 1, 1961, 64-65

TEXT: It is of special interest to study solutions of uranyl salts, which the authors have already previously described (Ref. 1: V. M. Vdovenko, V. A. Shcherbakov. Zh. strukt. khimii, 1, no. 1, 28, (1960)). Such a study is of importance not only to gather information on the nature of this ion and its hydrates but also with respect to another question the authors have been dealing with earlier. The method of the present work hardly differs from the one they have described in the first communication of this series.  $UO_4$  was prepared by precipitating it in the cold with hydrogen peroxide from aqueous solutions of uranyl nitrite. After that,  $UO_4$  was dissolved in the corresponding solution. By working with a certain excess of acid, hydrolysis was excluded (the pH of the solution was about 0). The concentration was controlled manometrically. Only in the case of hydrochloric solutions, the

Card 1/5

Proton relaxation ....

S/192/61/002/001/005/006  
B107/B218

gravimetric method was applied. The experimental results are given in the Figure and in the Table. The ratios  $\tau_c^i/\tau_c^o$  were calculated by a method described in communication II. As may be seen from the Figure, the influence of the uranyl ion upon the time of proton relaxation ( $1/T_1$ ) depends on the nature of the anion. This dependence is confirmed by the values of the molar relaxation shift  $\Delta M$ , and above all, by the values for  $\tau_c^i/\tau_c^o$  (Table). The latter values are about the same for hydrochloric and nitric solutions, but are much higher for perchloric and sulfuric solutions. The correlation between shift and ratio  $\tau_c^i/\tau_c^o$  for the uranyl ion on one hand and the ionic radii on the other, is of special interest (cf. Table). The most important conclusion drawn by the authors is that the degree of covalence of the bond  $U - OH_2$  does not remain constant, but depends on the nature of the anion in the solution. If one considers the anion capability of complex formation with uranyl then the explanation of the above effect as being due to the formation of covalent bonds ion-anion is rather unconvincing, especially, since the stability of the complexes increases in the order

$ClO_4^- < Cl^-$ ,  $NO_3^- \ll SO_4^{2-}$  (Ref. 2. Sammelband "Aktiniden". Redaktion G. Seaborg

Card 2/5

S/192/61/002/001/005/006  
B107/B218

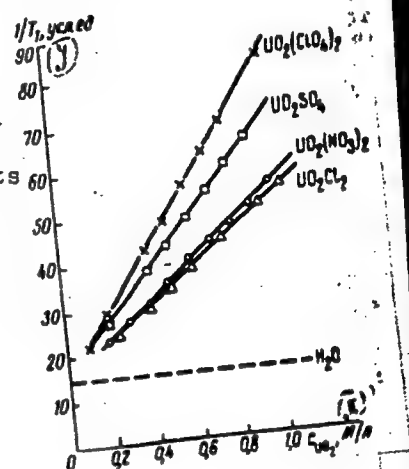
Proton relaxation ....

tion from the original.]

ASSOCIATION: Radiyevyy institut AN SSSR im. V. G. Khlopina, Leningrad  
(Radium Institute, AS USSR imeni V. G. Khlopina, Leningrad)

SUBMITTED: January 7, 1960

Figure: Change of the time of proton relaxation in solutions of uranyl salts. The signal of a solution of  $Mn^{2+}$  (concentration of  $4.02 \cdot 10^{-4}$  M/l) is taken to be 100.0. (x)  $c_{UO_2}$  in M/l (y)  $1/T_1$ , arbitrary units



Card 4/5



Proton relaxation ....

S/192/61/002/001/005/006  
B107/B218

Legend to the Table: 1) salt; 2)  $\Delta M(\pm 0.5)$ , arbitrary units;  
3) radius of the anion, A.

① Соль	② $\Delta M(\pm 0.5)$ , усл. ед.	③ Радиус аниона, А	$\tau_c^i / \tau_c^0$
UO <sub>2</sub> (ClO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	68,0	2,38	42,2
UO <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	56,0	2,06	34,5
UO <sub>2</sub> (NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	40,0	1,89	25,1
UO <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	38,5	1,81	25,2

Card 5/5

STEBUT, Ivan Aleksandrovich, professor; MAYSURYAN, N.A., professor, doktor sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; KANTOROVICH, A.V., spetsredaktor; GRIGOR'YEVA, A.I., redaktor; FEDOTOVA, A.F., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Selected work; in two volumes] Izbrannye sochineniya; v dyukh tomakh. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo selkhoz. lit-ry. Vol.1. [Principles of field crop cultivation] Osnovy polevoi kul'tury. 1956. 791 p.  
(Field crops) (MLRA 9:11)  
(Fallowing)

Stec A.

Stec A., B. Sc. "The Testing of Light Gas Fractions by the Podbielniak Method."  
(Badanie lekkich frakcji gazowych metoda Podbielniaka). Nafta, No 1-2, 1950, pp. 15-19, 5 figs., 2 tabs.

The methods of qualitative and quantitative analysis of the composition of gas by means of the Podbielniak apparatus on the basis of fractional distillation of liquefied gas in a distillation flask. The apparatus can also be used to advantage for the analysis of crude oil. Description of an apparatus of a previous design and of the principles of operation. The tables attached to the article contain the characteristic results of a series of analyses of samples of gas and crude oil taken from various wells and from tanks.

SO: Polish Technical Abstracts No. 2, 1951

STEC, ANIELA

Propan i butan w polskich gazach ziemnych. Katowice, Panstwowe Wydawn. Techniczne, 1951. 18 p. (Prace Glownego Instytutu Naftowego, nr. 16) Propane and butane in Polish natural gases. English, French, and Russian summaries. Bibl., diags., tables/

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 3, No. 2, Library of Congress, Feb. 1954, Uncl.

STEC, A.

① *Final*

✓ 2657

622.324.5 : 621.643.2 : 542.2

✓ Stec A. Apparatus for Sampling Gas under High Pressure.

"Aparat do pobierania próbek gazu pod wysokim ciśnieniem" "Nafta"  
No. 4, 1953, pp. 95-97, 2 figs.

Polish Technical Abst.  
No. 1 1954  
Mining

Description of an apparatus for drawing samples of natural gas for laboratory purposes from high-pressure boreholes and pipelines. This apparatus, constructed at the Petroleum Institute, is adapted for direct coupling to the gas source, and is, at the same time, intended for reducing the gas pressure to such a safe margin as would make possible the charging of steel cylinders and aspirators. The article contains a technical specification of two alternative types of this apparatus — one for charging aspirators and the other for charging cylinders, together with a description of the principles on which they operate.

8-31-54  
JH

STNC, Boleslaw, mgr inz.

Diffusion tests in metals by marked atoms. Wiad hut 18  
no.11:331-333 N '62.

STEC, Boleslaw, mgr inz.

Soft annealing of tool alloy steels for cold working. Hutnik  
P 30 no.3:77-82 Mr '63.

ZALESKI, Stanislaw; STEC, Edward (Warszawa)

Studies on the pathogenesis of intoxications with colisepsis, sero-  
logic type 0 111: B<sub>4</sub>. Roczn. nauk roln. wet. 70 no.1/4:413 '60.  
(EEAI 10:9)

(COLITIS)



KRAUZE, Stanislaw; STEC, Edward; MLODECKI, Henryk

Application of the Triturus cristatus test for speedy determination of carcinogenic properties of dyes. Roczn panstw zakl hig 14 no.1:31-38 '63.

1. Laboratory for Testing Food and Other Articles of Common Consumption, State Institute of Hygiene, Warsaw.

KLOPICKI, Henryk; KLOPICKI, Edward; KLOPICKI, Henryk

Application of the Triturus cristatus test for speedy determination of carcinogenic properties of dyes. Pt. 2. Roczniki Hig. 17 no. 2:185-191 '63

1. Laboratory for Testing Food and Articles of Common Consumption, State Institute of Hygiene, Warsaw.

KRAUZE, Stanislaw; STEC, Edward; MLODECKI, Henryk

Application of the Triturus cristatus test for speedy determination of carcinogenic properties of dyes. Pt. 3. Roczn panstw zakl hig 14 no.6:537-539 '63.

1. Department of Testing Food and Articles of Common Consumption, State Institute of Hygiene, Warsaw.

BARSZCZAK, Tadeusz; STEC, F.

Influence of soaking seeds in manganese sulfite on their vigor,  
germinating power, and manganese content. Roczn. nauk roln. rosl.  
87 no.2:417-421 '63.

1. Zaklad Chemii Rolniczej, Szkola Glowna Gospodarstwa  
Wiejskiego, Warszawa.

STEC, Jan, mgr., inz. (Tarnow); KORBIEL, Jozef (Tarnow)

Szynwald - Zalasowa as a center for methodical improving  
breeding and production of bacon cattle. Gosp miesna 14  
no.4:12-16 Ap '62.

GWOZDZ, Emil; STEC, Leszek

A case of periarteritis nodosa diagnosed intra vitam. Polskie arch.med.  
wewnetrz. 29 no.11: 1541-1548 '59.

1. Z III Oddzialu Chorob Wewnetrznych Szpitala Miejskiego nr.4 w  
Katowicach. Ordynator: dr.med. E. Gwozdz.  
(PERIARTERITIS NODOSA diag.)

STEC, Maria; MROZEK, Benedykt

Glass house studies on fungicides. Postepy nauk roln 11 no.3:  
73-78 My-Je '64.

1. Institute of Organic Industry, Pszczyna Branch.

STEC, Roman, mgr.inz.; PALKA, Lukasz, inz.

~~A new method of mixing the charge for agglomerating.~~ Wiad  
hut 17 no.7/8:200-203 J1-Ag '61.



ZIELINSKI, Stefan, mgr inz.; STEC, Roman, mgr inz.

Sintering of mixtures with a high percentage of dusty materials. Wiad hut 18 no.12:365-370 D '62.

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila; DOMANSKI, Remigiusz; STEC, Ryszard

A modified audiometer for children. Otolaryng. pol. 16 no.4:589-594  
'62.

1. Z I Kliniki Laryngologii Studium Doskonalenia Lekarzy w AM w Warszawie  
Kierownik: doc. dr med. T. Bystrzanowska.  
(AUDIOMETRY)

STEC, TAKEUSZ.

Sudety Zachodnie; przewodnik turystyczny.\* Warszawa, Sport, 1 Turystyka,  
1954 246 p. (The Western Sudetes; a tourist guidebook. illus., fold. map,  
glossary, index.)

So. East European Accessions List Vol. 5, No. 1, Jan. 1956

SIEG, Tadeusz (Krakow)

Visiting industrial enterprises with a notebook in hand.  
Przegl mech 21 no.9/10:319-321. 10-25 My '62.

IEPLAWY, M.; STEC, W.

Introducing of a t-butyloxycarbonyl protective group into amino acid esters by means of t-butyl cyanoformate. Bul chim PAN 12 no. 1:21-24 '64.

1. Department of Organic Chemistry, Technical University, Lodz. Presented by O. Achmatowicz.

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; PASZKOWSKA, Anna; STAC-KRYSZKIEWICZOWA, Krystyna

Cortisone therapy in late stages of primary tuberculous complex in children. Gruzlica 27 no.2:125-135 Feb 59.

1. Z Oddzialu Dzieciecego Instytutu Gruzlicy i Sanatorium Przeciwgruzliczego w Otwocku Kierownik Naukowy: prof. dr Fr. Groer. Adres: Otwock, Sanatorium Przeciwgruzlicze dla Dzieci im. Marchlewskiego.

(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, in inf. & child.

primary complex, cortisone ther. in late stages (Pol))

(CORTISONE, ther. use,

tuberc., pulm. in child., late stages of primary complex (Pol))

KRUKOWSKA, Helena; JANISZEWSKA, Maria; STEC-KRYSZKIEWICZ, Krystyna;  
PEKSYK, Stanislaw

Bronchial changes in lymph node-pulmonary tuberculosis requiring  
several bronchoscopies. Gruzlica 33 no.8:643-647 Ag ' 65.

1. Z Zespołu Problemowego Instytutu Gruźlicy w Otwocku (Kierownik:  
doc. dr. H. Krukowska) i z Sanatorium im. J. Marchlewskiego w  
Otwocku (Dyrektor: dr. K. Stec-Kryszkiewicz).

STEC-KRYSZKIEWICZOWA, Krystyna; JANISZEWSKA-FRONCZAK, Maria; PEKSYK,  
Stanislaw

Relation of segmental and lobar shadows to bronchial changes in  
primary tuberculosis in children. Gruzlica 33 no.8:665-669 Ag '65.

1. Z Sanatorium im. J. Marchlewskiego w Otwocku (Dyrektor:  
dr. K. Stec-Kryszkiewiczowa).



STECH, Arnost

Handling of materials and the packing techniques. Doprava  
no.9:306-307 '62.

STECH, Oldrich

The new law on telecommunications. C3 spoje 9 no.4:3-4 Ag '64.

1. Central Administration of Telecommunications, Prague.

STECH, Svatopluk

Founding in the future. Slevarenstvi 10 no.1:39-40 Ja '62.

KLABAN, J.; STECH, S.

Information on founding. Slevarenstvi 10 no.9:359-362  
S '62.

YURCHENKO, V.M.; STECHENKO, I.A.

Fibromyxoma of the atrium sinistrum freely hanging in the  
left ventricle. Vrach. delo no.9:152-153 S 13. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Tret'ya gorodskaya bol'nitsa g. Krivogo Roga.  
(HEART—TUMORS)

Stec-Kulezycka; A.

0000

997. Condensates in gas wells. A. Stec-Kulezycka. *Nafta* (Krakow), 1954, 10, 259-62. The problem attempted by the Polish IP has been to explain the nature of the well-bottom condensates as well as the removal and sand which caved in at the bottom of the well. 12 wells were examined. Hydrocarbons as well as moisture were found. Well-bottom pressures in all cases are too low for all the heavier hydrocarbons to dissolve in the gaseous phase (Levert), and retrograde condensation is at max. This is the first attempt at better understanding of this kind of well.

M. S.

9/11/54

STECHEKIN, A.S.

Atlas detalei aviatsionnykh dvigatelei. Vyp. I. Moskva, 1927. 13 tables. (TSAGI. Trudy, no. 31)

Title tr.: Atlas of Aviation engine parts. Part I.

RPB (Microfilm)

SO: Aeronautical Sciences and Aviation in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1955

STECHKIN, B. S.

Theory of Air-breathing Reaction Engine. 1929.

Stalin Prize. Professor. Member of the Academy of Sciences, USSR. Chairman of the Scientific Commission on Aviation Terminology. Prominent scientist and engine designer. Developer of the theory of internal combustion engines. In 1929 developed the Foundation for the theory of air-breathing jet engines, of both the compressorless and compressor types, and is regarded as the founder of modern theory of such engines.



STECHKIN, B. S.

"Axial Compressors" VVIA im. N. Ye. Zhukovskiy. (1947)

STECHKIN, B.S.

ROMANENKO, P.N.; STECHKIN, B.S., chlen-korrespondent.

Theory of ejection and calculation of jet apparatus. Izv.AN SSSR Otd.  
tekhn.nauk no.6:837-855 Je '53. (MLRA 6:8)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR.

(Jets)

STECHKIN, B. S.

USSR/ Scientists - Mechanical engineering

Card 1/1 : Pub. 128 - 34/38

Authors : Stechkin, B. S.; Varshavskiy, I. L.; Velikanov, D. P.; Gol'd, B. V.;  
Kuzel', R. V.; Petrov, V. A.; Fal'kevich, B. S.; and Khrvshchov, M. M.

Title : Academician Evgeniy Alekseevich Chudakov, an outstanding scientist in  
the field of Soviet mechanical engineering

Periodical : Vest. mash. 9, 100-102, Sep 1954

Abstract : A short biography is presented of the life-time activities and achieve-  
ments of Evgeniy Alekseevich Chudakov in mechanical engineering. The  
article was presented on the occasion of the first anniversary of his  
death.

Institution : .....

Submitted : .....

STECHKIN, B. (Acad.)  
GENKIN, K.; Kimmelnitskiy, A. (Masters of Tech Sci.)

"More Attention to Gas-Cylinder Vehicles"

Pravda, 5 July 1955

STECHKIN, B.S., akademik; KHRISTIANOVICH, S.A., akademik; otvetstvennyy red.;  
KLENNIKOV, V.M., red.izdatel'stva; PAVLOVSKIY, A.A., tekhn.red.

[Gas turbine installations; gas turbines] Gazoturbinnye ustanovki  
(gazovye turbiny). Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1956. 33 p.

(MIRA 10:12)

(Gas turbines)

STICHKIN, B., ISr. Academy

"Titanium-Metal of Modern Technology," from the book Modern Military Technology, 1956, page 269.

Translation 1114505

STEGHKIN, Boris Sergeyevich, akademik; KAZANDZHAN, Pogos Karapetovich;  
ALEKSEYEV, Lev Petrovich; GOVOROV, Aleksandr Nikolayevich; NECHAYEV,  
Yulian Nikolayevich; FEDOROV, Roman Mironovich; DMITRIYEVSKIY, V.I.;  
professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsentsent; YEMIN, O.N.,  
kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; BOGOMOLOVA, M.F., izdatel'-  
skiy redaktor; ZUDAKIN, I.M., tekhnicheskikh redaktor

[A theory of jet engines; turbomachines] Teoriia reaktivnykh dvigateli;  
lopatochnye mashiny. Pod red. B.S.Stechkina. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo obor.  
promyshl., 1956. 548 p. (MLR 10:1)  
(Turbomachines)

STECHKIN, B.S., akademik, otvetstvennyy red.; STUL'NIKOV, N.P., starshiy  
naukovyy sotrudnik, kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; BLYUDOV, V.P., kand.  
tekhn.nauk, red.; SHUVALOV, G.I., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.;  
VESNNICHENKO, Ye.K., red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn.red.

[Gas turbines; principal problems in constructing gas turbines.  
▲ collection of articles. Translations] Gazovye turbiny; osnovnye  
problemy gazoturbostroeniia. Sbornik statei. Moskva, Izd-vo  
inostr. lit-ry, 1957. 230 p. (MIRA 11:5)  
(Gas turbines)



STECHKIN, B.S., akademik; MIKHAYLOV, A.I., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk; SVIRIDOV, Yu.B., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

On the occasion of the eightieth birthday of Nikolai Romanovich Briling, corresponding member of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R. Trudy Lab.dvig. no.3:3-8 '57. (MIRA 10:7)  
(Briling, Nikolai Romanovich, 1876-)



STEGHIN, B.S., akad.st.nauchn.sotrudnik, red.; STUL'NIKOV, N.P., kand.tekhn.  
nauk.red.; BLYUDOV, kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; SHUVALOV, G.I., kand.tekhn.  
nauk.rad.; VINNICHEVSKO, Ye.K., red.; GRIBOVA, M.P., tekhn.red.

[Gas turbines; use of stationary and movable gas turbines in various  
branches of industry; collection of articles] Gazovye turbiny:  
ispol'zovanie statsionarnykh i peredvizhnykh gasotrubinnykh ustanovok  
v razlichnykh otraslakh promyshlennosti; sbornik statei. Moskva,  
Izd-vo inostr. lit-ry, 1958. 178 p. (MIRA 11:8)

1. Komissiya po gazovym turbinam AN SSSR, (for Stul'nikov, Blyudov,  
Shuvalov.)

(Gas turbines)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION 1111

Stechkin, Boris Sergeyevich, Kazandzhan, Pogos Karapetovich, Alekseyev, Lev Petrovich, Govorov, Aleksandr Nikolayevich, Konovalov, Nikolay Yefimovich, Nechayev, Yulian Nikolayevich, and Fedorov, Roman Mironovich

Teoriya reaktivnykh dvigateley; rabochiy protsess i kharakteristiki (Theory of Jet Engines; Operation and Characteristics) Moscow, Oborongiz, 1958.  
533 p. 20,000 copies printed.

Ed.: (Title page): Stechkin, B.S., Academician; Ed. (Inside book): Yanovskiy, I.L., Engineer; Ed. of Publishing House: Bogomolova, M.F.; Tech. Ed.: Rozhin, V.P.; Managing Ed.: Sokolov, A.I., Engineer.

PURPOSE: This is a textbook approved by the Ministry of Higher Education of the USSR for students of aviation vuzes. The book may be also useful to engineers working in the field of aircraft engine construction.

COVERAGE: This book is an independent part of the general course in "Theory of Jet Engines." The first part of this series, "Bladed Machines", was published in 1956. In this book the authors describe in detail gas dynamics analysis, the testing methods, and the characteristics of a number of types of jet engines.

Card 1/42

Theory of Jet Engines (Cont.)

1111

They give the classification of the basic types of jet engines: turbo-jets, turbo-props, ram-jets, and liquid propellant rocket engines, and describe the special features of each. The description of each particular type contains the following information: a) the basic theory of operation, b) the methods of determination of test-stand and flight characteristics, c) information on special features in practical operation of the engine, d) methods for selecting basic design parameters, and e) the gas dynamics analysis of the engine in designing. In the compilation of this book the works of Stechkin, B.S., Kazandzhan, P.K., and others of the authors' collective were used, as well as the existing literature on bladed machines and jet engines. Individual chapters were written by the following authors: Ch. I and IV, by Govorov, A.N.; Ch. II and XV, by Alekseyev, L.P.; Ch. III and Sec. 7 of Ch. XVI, by Konovalov, N. Ye; Ch. V to IX, by Nekchayev, Yu. N.; Ch. X, XI, and Sec. 1-6 of Ch. XVI, by Fedorov, R.M.; and Ch. XII, XIV and Ch. XVII by Kazandshan, P.K. The authors express thanks to Professors Mel'kumov, T.M. and Kulagin, I.I., and also to Docent Zastel, Yu.K. for their valuable remarks and advice. There are 27 references, of which 25 are Soviet, including 2 translations, and 2 English.

Card 2/ 11

Name : STECHKIN, B. S.

Title : Academician

Remarks : In an article entitled "Soviet Man's Dreams are Practical"  
Academician Stechkin writes that the year 1958 will witness another  
step on the road to the conquest of outer space and that man's flight  
into the unexplored reaches of the universe is no longer far off.

Source : N: Sovetskaya Aviatsiya, No. 1, 1 January 1958, p. 3, col. 1

STECHKIN, B. S.

"Heat Production in the engine and its influence on the stroke"

report presented at the conference on Combustion and Formation of the Mixture  
in Diesel Engines, convened by the Motor Laboratory, Acad. Sci. USSR, Moscow  
10-12 June 1958.  
(Vest. Ak Nauk SSSR, 1958, No. 9, 115-117)

KONSTANTINOV, B.P.; DEBORIN, A.M., akademik; PEYVE, Ya.V.; IOFFE, A.F.,  
akademik; MIKHAYLOV, A.I., prof.; SATPAYEV, K.I., akademik;  
ZHUKOV, Ye.M., akademik; LAVRENT'YEV, M.A., akademik; SEMENOV, H.N.,  
akademik; PAVLOVSKIY, Ye.N., akademik; MINTS, I.I., akademik;  
SISAKYAN, N.M.; ROMASHKIN, P.S.; FEDOROV, Ye.K.; STECHKIN, B.S.,  
akademik; MAYSKIY, I.M., akademik; PAVLOV, Todor, akademik;  
ARBUZOV, A.Ye., akademik; VASIL'YEV, N.V., doktor ekon.nauk;  
BELOUSOV, V.V.; MITIN, M.B., akademik; BLAGONRAVOV, A.A., akademik;  
KANTOROVICH, L.V.; RYBAKOV, B.A., akademik; NEMCHINOV, V.S., akademik  
Discussion of the address. Vest. AN SSSR 29 no.4:34-63 Ap '59.  
(MIRA 12:5)

1.Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Konstantinov, Peyve, Sisakyan,  
Romashkin, Fedorov, Belousov, Kantorovich).  
(Science)



STECHKIN, Boris Sergeyevich, akademik; GENKIN, Konstantin Isayevich;  
ZOLOTAREVSKIY, Vladimir Semenovich; SKORODINSKIY, Izrail'  
Vol'fovich; GRIGOR'YEV, Ye.N., red.izd-va; RYLINA, Yu.V.,  
tekhn.red.

[Indicator diagram, dynamics of heat generation, and operating  
cycle of a high-speed piston engine] Indikatornaya diagramma,  
dinamika teplovydeleniya i rabochiy tsikl bystrokhodnogo porshne-  
vogo dvigatelya. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1960. 198 p.  
(MIRA 14:2)

(Gas and oil engines)

STECHKIN, B.S., akademik, glavnyy red.; SVIRIDOV, Yu.B., zam.otv.red.;  
APASHEV, M.D., red.; BRILING, N.R., red.; VASIL'YEV, B.N., red.;  
VOINOV, A.N., red.; ZAGRYAZKIN, N.N., red.; GORSHKOV, G.B.,  
red.izd-va; MAKAGONOVA, I.A., tekhn.red.

[Combustion and carburetion in diesel engines; proceedings of the  
scientific and technical conference organized by the Engines  
Laboratory in June 1958] Sgoranie i smesseobrazovanie v dizeliakh;  
trudy nauchno-tekhnicheskoi konferentsii, provedennoi v iune  
1958 g. Laboratorii dvigatelei. Moskva, 1960. 238 p.

(MIRA 14:2)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Laboratoriya dvigateley. 2. Chlen-  
korrespondent AN SSSR (for Briling). 3. Laboratoriya dvigateley  
Akademii nauk SSSR (for all, except Gorshkov, Makagonova).  
(Diesel engines)

STECHKIN, B.S., akademik; PETROV, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk

Criterion for evaluating thermal stresses and conditions for  
modeling hydraulic transmissions with high energy stress. Trudy  
Lab.dvig. no.5:23-26 '60. (MIRA 14:3)  
(Oil hydraulic machinery)

S/262/62/000/016/006/009  
I011/I211

AUTHOR: Stechkin, B. S.

TITLE: On the efficiency of an ideal cycle of fast burning with a finite heat emission velocity

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, otdel'nyy vypusk. 42. Silovyye ustanovki, no. 16, 1962, 44, abstract 42 16.303 (Tr. Labor. dvigateley. AN SSSR, 1960, no. 5, 61-67)

TEXT A general expression for the efficiency of an ideal cycle of an internal combustion engine is proposed. An arbitrary law of heat emission is assumed. Methods are given for determining the most advantageous ignition advance moment and for calculating the correction to the efficiency of an ideal cycle with  $n$ -const as the function of the assumed heat emission law in a forced ignition engine. It is noted that such ideal cycles as the Diesel cycle ( $p$  const) or the Sabate cycle have no meaning with the assumption that the heat emission law is determined by the time or crankshaft rotation angle alone and is independent of the starting point of heat emission.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

CHUDAKOV, Yevgeniy Alekseyevich, akad.[deceased]; VELIKANOV, D.P., doktor tekhn.nauk, st.nauchn.sotr., ctv.red.; STECHKIN, B.S., akad., red.; BRILING, N.P., red.; ORLIN, A.S. doktor tekhn. nauk, red.; OSIPIYAN, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; VARSHAVSKIY, I.L. kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; PETROV, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk, st.nauch. sotr., red.; GOL'D, B.V., st.nauch.sotr., red.; KLENNIKOV, V.M. red. izd-va; SIMKINA, Ye.N., tekhn.red.

[Selected works] Izbrannye trudy. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR. Vol.1. [Theory of motor vehicles] Teoriia avtomobilia. 1961. 482 p. Vol.2. 1961. 343 p.

(MIRA 14:5)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Briling) 2. Laboratoriya dvigatelei AN SSSR (for Velikanov, Gol'd, Petrov)  
(Motor vehicles--Dynamics)  
(Motor vehicles--Design and construction)

S/024/61/000/004/002/025  
E191/E581

AUTHOR: Stechkin, B.S. (Moscow)

TITLE: On the efficiency of the ideal cycle with rapid combustion having a finite rate of heat formation

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye tekhnicheskikh nauk, Energetika i avtomatika, 1961, No.4, pp.5-10

TEXT: The effect of a finite rate of heat formation upon the efficiency of the ideal internal combustion engine cycle is considered as a correction upon the simple constant volume combustion formula. The rate of heat formation is stated in terms of a specially introduced coordinate, which is the square root of the volume increment from top dead centre. Near the t.d.c., this coordinate is proportional to the crank angle. A typical curve for the rate of heat formation is illustrated beginning with the point of ignition advance. An analysis of cycle efficiency is carried out to allow consideration of various factors in the law of heat formation upon the efficiency of the process, including the most favourable ignition advance. Two parameters are defined which entirely express the effect of the rate of heat formation on the cycle efficiency. One of these is

Card 1/2

STECHKIN, B.S. (Moskva); DUBINSKIY, M.G. (Moskva); SOKOLOV, K.K. (Moskva);  
TS'ao Hsiao-ching] (Moskva)  
TS'ao Hsiao-ching] (Moskva)

Radial flow equilibrium. Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. tekhn. nauk. Energ. i  
avtom. no.4:11-15 J1-Ag '61. (MIRA 14:9)  
(Compressors) (Turbines)

S/024/61/000/004/004/025  
E032/E314

AUTHORS: Stechkin, B.S. and Litvak, A.K. (Moscow)  
TITLE: On the Flow of Viscous Gas in a Cooled Cylindrical Tube

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye tekhnicheskikh nauk, Energetika i avtomatika, 1961, No.4, pp.16-19

TEXT: The flow of gas in a cylindrical tube, including the effects of friction and cooling, has been investigated by many workers during the last decade. However, the present authors state that no sufficiently simple and accurate solutions for technological application are as yet available. The method put forward in the present paper can be used to provide such solutions and consists of the following. Instead of deriving an exact solution for a cylindrical channel, an attempt is made to determine the exact solution for two limiting cases, namely, a slightly contracting channel and a slightly expanding channel. It is clear that the true

Card 1/8



On the Flow of ...

S/024/61/000/004/004/025  
E032/E314

solution lies between these two limiting solutions and although the exact solution cannot be determined, one might guess that the error in the arithmetical average of the two solutions would be less than one-half of the difference between the limiting values. In mathematical terms the problem can be formulated as follows. The basic equations for the one-dimensional stationary flow of a viscous cooled gas in a cylindrical tube are the continuity equation (Eq.1), the energy equation (Eq.2), the Bernouilli equation (Eq.3), the equation of state (Eq.4) and the fundamental equation of the hydrodynamic heat-transfer theory (Eq.5):

Card 2/8

On the Flow of ....

S/024/61/000/004/004/025  
E032/E314

Eq (6) on page 17 attached to Mat 8

p - static pressure;  
 $\Omega$  - channel perimeter;  
x - channel length measured from the beginning of the tube,  
 $\alpha$  - emissivity;  
 $T_c$  - wall temperature;  
T - temperature of the stream;  
 $\gamma$  - density;  
 $d_o = 4F/\Omega$ ;  
 $\zeta$  - impedance;  
R - gas constant;  
Nu - Nusselt criterion;  
Pe - Pekle criterion;  
 $\delta G = F\gamma d\zeta$  is the correction given by

Card 4/8

(6)

S/024/61/000/004/004/025  
E032/E314

On the Flow of ....

$$F\gamma w = \text{const} \quad (1)$$

$$\int dx \alpha (T_0 - T) d\tau = \delta G c_p dT + \delta G d \frac{w^2}{2g} A \quad (2)$$

$$-\frac{dp}{\gamma} = d \frac{w^2}{2g} + \frac{dx}{d_0} \zeta \frac{w^2}{2g} \quad (3)$$

$$p = \gamma R T \quad (4)$$

$$\text{Nu} = \frac{1}{8} \zeta \text{Pe} E, \quad \alpha = \frac{1}{8} \zeta c_p \gamma w E \quad (5)$$

In these equations the symbols have the following meaning:

G - mass transport,

F - cross-sectional area;

w - velocity;

$\tau$  - time;

c<sub>p</sub> - specific heat at constant pressure;

A - thermal equivalent of mechanical energy;

g - acceleration due to gravity;

Card 3/8

S/024/61/000/004/004/025  
E032/E314

On the Flow of ....

where  $w'$  is the velocity on the boundary of the laminar layer, and

$Pr$  - is the Prandtl criterion.

The ratio  $w'/w$  may be assumed to be approximately equal to  $1/3$  and for diatomic gases  $E \approx 1.1$ . Eq. (1) yields

$$wpF/RT = \text{const.}$$

The first exact solution is attained by considering the flow not in a cylindrical tube but in a slightly expanding channel in which  $pF = \text{const.}$ , such that  $p$  drops by not more than 5%. Using the notation:

$$M_1^2 = w_1^2 / kgRT_1$$

where the subscript 1 refers to the entrance to the tube and  $c_p - c_v = AR$  where  $k = c_p / c_v$ , it is found that  
Card 5/8

Eq. (7), (8) and (9) on page

On the Flow of ....

S/024/61/000/004/004/025  
E052/E314

17  
Attached Memo

$$\frac{dT}{T-T_c} + \frac{(k-1) M_1^2}{T_1} \frac{T dT}{T-T_c} = -0.55 \zeta \frac{dx}{d_0} \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{dp}{p} \frac{1}{k M_1^2} \frac{2 T_1}{T} + 2 \frac{dT}{T} = -\zeta \frac{dx}{d_0} \quad (8)$$

It follows from these equations that

$$\frac{1}{k} \frac{dp}{p} \frac{1.1}{M_1^2} \frac{T_1}{T} + 1.1 \frac{dT}{T} = \frac{dT}{T-T_c} + \frac{(k-1) M_1^2}{T_1} \frac{T dT}{T-T_c} \quad (9)$$

This equation can be immediately integrated. The second simple and exact solution corresponding to the case of a slightly expanding channel is obtained by assuming that  $w = \text{const}$ . In that case, the original equations (2) and (3) are simplified and the pressure drop is given by:

Card 6/8

S/024/61/000/004/004/025  
EO32/E314

On the Flow of ....

$$\frac{dp}{p} = \frac{1}{1.1} \frac{v^2}{g} \frac{1}{RT} \frac{dT}{dT}$$

(14)

where

$$\delta T = T - T_c$$

Using the substitution

$$M_c^2 = w^2 / kgRT_c$$

it is found that

$$\frac{dp}{p} = \frac{kM_c^2}{1.1} dT \left( \frac{1}{T-T_c} - \frac{1}{T} \right)$$

(15)

which can be immediately integrated. The latter solution

Card 7/8

S/024/61/000/004/004/025  
E032/E314

On the Flow of ....

gives an overestimate of the losses. It is particularly convenient in technological applications since it can be used to estimate with a known margin of error the hydraulic losses at a given wall temperature, gas input and temperature at the end of the tube. There are 2 figures.

SUBMITTED: April 27, 1961

Card 8/8

ANDREYEV, B.V.; ARTEM'YEV, S.P.; ARKHANGEL'SKIY, V.M.; AFANAS'YEV, L.L.;  
BABKOV, V.F.; BRONSHTEYN, L.A.; BURKOV, M.S.; BURYANOV, V.A.;  
VARSHAVSKIY, I.L.; VELIKANOV, D.P.; VOINOV, A.N.; VYRUBOV, D.N.;  
DORMIDONTOV, A.V.; D'YACHKOV, A.K.; YEFREMOV, V.V.; ZHABIN, V.M.;  
ZELENKOV, G.I.; KALABUKHOV, F.V.; KALISH, G.G.; KRAMARENKO, G.V.;  
KRASIKOV, S.M.; LAKHTIN, Yu.M.; MIKULIN, A.A.; ORLIN, A.S.; OSTROVSKIY,  
N.B.; OSTROVTSOV, A.N.; RUBETS, D.A.; STEPANOV, Yu.A.; STECHKIN, B.S.;  
KHACHATUROV, A.A.; KHOVAKH, M.S.; CHAROMSKIY, A.D.; SHARAPOV, K.A.

Nikolai Romanovich Briling; obituary. Avt.transp. 39 no.4:57  
Ap '61. (MIRA 14:5)

(Briling, Nikolai Romanovich, 1876-1961)



20733

S/020/61/137/002/004/020  
C111/C222

16.6100 (also 1031)

AUTHORS: Stechkin, B.S., Academician, and Stechkin, S.B.

TITLE: Mean square value and arithmetical mean

PERIODICAL: Akademi nauk SSSR. Doklady, vol.137, no.2, 1961, 287-290

TEXT: Let  $y(x) \in L^2[0,1]$ . Let

$$\varphi_0(x) = y(x), \quad y_0 = \int_0^1 |\varphi_0(x)| dx,$$

$$\varphi_k(x) = |\varphi_{k-1}(x)| - y_{k-1}, \quad y_k = \int_0^1 |\varphi_k(x)| dx \quad (k=1, 2, \dots).$$

The authors prove the formula

$$\int_0^1 y^2(x) dx = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} y_k^2 = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left\{ \int_0^1 |\varphi_k(x)| dx \right\}^2. \quad (1)$$

The proof is based on

Lemma 1: Let  $p > 0$ , and on  $E$ ,  $\text{mes } E = \delta > 0$ , let  $|\varphi_p(x)| \geq M$ . Then it holds

Card 1/2

20733

Mean square value and arithmetical mean

S/G20/61/137/002/004/020  
C111/C222

$$K_p = \sum_{k=p}^{\infty} y_k \geq M. \quad (5)$$

Lemma 2: Let  $0 \leq p \leq n$  and  $\varepsilon_p = \max_{m \geq p} y_m$ .

1) If in  $x_0 \in [0, 1]$

$$|\varphi_p(x_0)| \geq \sum_{k=p}^n y_k$$

then  $|\varphi_{n+1}(x_0)| = |\varphi_p(x_0)| - \sum_{k=p}^n y_k$ .

2) If in  $x_0 \in [0, 1]$

$$|\varphi_p(x_0)| < \sum_{k=p}^n y_k$$

then

$$|\varphi_{n+1}(x_0)| \leq \varepsilon_p.$$

SUBMITTED: December 14, 1960

Card 2/2

L 18221-63

ACCESSION NR: AT3001866

EPR/EWT(1)/BDS

AFFTC/ASD

Ps-4

WW

S/2909/62/000/006/0138/0139

58

AUTHOR: Stechkin, B. S.

TITLE: Methodology for the calculation and measurements relative to the mixing of jets

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Institut dvigateley. Trudy, no. 6, 1962, 138-139

TOPIC TAGS: aerodynamics, fluid dynamics, hydrodynamics, jet, mixing, augmenter, pump, jet augmenter, Euler, Borda-Carnot, energy, loss, minimum

ABSTRACT: This theoretical paper deals with the mixing of two concentric jets of incompressible fluid and, hence, applies most directly to the theory of jet augmenters and jet-driven pumps. Its principal conclusion is that minimal energy losses in the mixing of two concentric jets is obtained when a constant pressure is maintained throughout the chamber. The author assumes that in the inlet cross section of the mixing chamber the inner jet has a velocity  $u_1$  and the outer (annular) jet has a velocity  $w_1$ , whereas in the outlet section the completely mixed single jet has a uniform velocity  $w_2$ . Wall friction in the mixing chamber is disregarded, since the study is solely focused on the energy losses incurred in mixing. A general expression for the losses is obtained from the total-energy

Card 1/2

L 18221-63

ACCESSION NR: AT3001866

equation, from which the Eulerian momentum equation is subtracted after multiplication by  $w_2$ . Simple considerations issuing from the Borda-Carnot theorem, which states that the kinetic-energy loss equals the kinetic energy of the lost and acquired velocity of the mixed jet, lead to the conclusion that minimum loss occurs when  $p$ =constant throughout the mixing chamber. Orig. art. has 1 figure and 8 numbered equations.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 11Apr63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: AI, PR

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

NIKOLAI, Boris Sergeevich, akademik, Geroy S. Rodinicheskogo Truda  
Interimist, the road to success. Kryn. i. d. 15 no. 8:15 Ag '64  
(1964 18:11)

L 13917-86 EWP(d)/T/EWP(1) LJP(c)

ACC NR: AT6000423

SOURCE CODE: UR/2517/65/078/000/0012/0023

AUTHORS: Stechkin, S. B.; Taykov, L. V.

ORG: Mathematics Institute, AN SSSR (Matematicheskiy institut, AN SSSR)

TITLE: Minimal extensions of linear functionals

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Matematicheskiy institut. Trudy, v. 78, 1965. Ekstremal'nyye polinomov (Extremum properties of polynomials), 12-23

TOPIC TAGS: functional analysis, extremal problem

ABSTRACT: The authors study properties of minimal extensions of functions  $f \in C_m^*$  (the conjugate space of linear functionals defined on  $C_m$ , the space of real trigonometric polynomials of order  $m$ ) on  $C$  (the space of continuous periodic functions) and on  $C_n$  ( $n > m$ ). It is shown that for any  $f \in C_m^*$  there is at least one canonical extension on  $C$  (i.e., a norm preserving one for which

$$f(t) = \int_0^{2\pi} t(x) d\sigma(x), \quad (1)$$

where  $\sigma$  is a step function with a finite number  $N \leq 2m$  of jumps). The extension cannot be improved. Necessary and sufficient conditions for uniqueness of such

Card 1/2

L 13917-66

ACC NR: AT6000423

extensions are given. These results are used to study approximation of trigonometric polynomials and to study certain extremal problems. Orig. art. has: 22 formulas.

SUB CODE: 12/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2

STECHKE, S. G.

Ob absolyutnoy skhodylosti ortogonal'nykh ryadov. Uspekhi matem. nauk, 2:3 (13), (1947),  
177-179.

SO: Mathematics in the USSR, 1917-1947  
edited by Kurosh, A. G.,  
Markushevich, A. I.,  
Rashevskiy, P. I.  
Moscow-Leningrad, 1948



Teoremy tauberova tipa. Uspekhi matem. nauk, 2:3 (19), (1947), 127-136.

SO: Mathematics in the USSR, 1917-1947  
edited by Kurosh, A. G.,  
Markushevich, A. I.,  
Nashevskiy, P. K.  
Moscow-Leningrad, 1948

STECHKIN, S. B.

Stečkin, S. B. A generalization of some inequalities of S. N. Bernštejn. Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR (N.S.) 60, 1511-1514 (1948). (Russian)

Nikol'skii, S. A generalization of an inequality of S. N. Bernštejn. Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR (N.S.) 60, 1507-1510 (1948). (Russian)

Bernštejn, S. N. A generalization of an inequality of S. B. Stečkin to entire functions of finite degree. Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR (N.S.) 60, 1487-1490 (1948). (Russian)

Let  $t_n(x)$  be a trigonometric polynomial of degree  $n$  and  $\Delta_j t_n(x) = \sum_{i=0}^n (-1)^i \binom{n}{i} t_n(x+j\delta)$ . The first paper proves the inequality

$$(*) \quad |t_n^{(r)}(x)| \leq \left(\frac{1}{2} n \csc \frac{1}{2} n \delta\right)^r \sup |\Delta_j t_n(x)|, \quad 0 < \delta < 2\pi/n.$$

The case  $r=1$  is deduced from the lemma that for  $|\eta| \leq \pi/n$  and  $t_n(x_0) = L = \sup |t_n(x)|$ , we have  $t_n(x_0 + \eta) \geq L \cos n\eta$ . The general case follows by induction on  $r$ . Similar extensions of classical theorems on ordinary polynomials are pointed out.

The second paper extends (\*) to entire functions of exponential type  $n$  (no longer necessarily an integer) in the case  $\delta = \pi/n$  and then to functions of more than one variable.

The third paper gives a different proof of (\*) for  $r=1$  and entire functions of exponential type, and adds the inequality

$$(**) \quad |t_n(x+\delta) - t_n(x)| \leq 2 \sin \frac{1}{2} n \delta \sup |t_n(x)|, \quad 0 < \delta < \pi/n.$$

The reviewer remarks that (\*) and (\*\*) for finite Fourier-Stieltjes integrals follow at once from a theorem of P. Civin [Duke Math. J. 8, 656-665 (1941); these Rev. 3, 108]. For the more general class of entire functions of exponential type they may then be deduced by a simple limiting process.

R. P. Boas, Jr. (Providence, R. I.)

Source: Mathematical Reviews,

Vol 9

No. 10

1

STECHKIN, S-B.

Stečkin, S. B. On the degree of best approximation to continuous functions. Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR (N.S.) 65, 135-137 (1949). (Russian)

It is known that for the problems of best approximation of continuous functions  $f(x)$  by polynomials the notion of the modulus of continuity  $\omega(\delta, f) = \max_{x, |h| \leq \delta} |f(x+h) - f(x)|$  is insufficient, and that we have to consider the higher moduli

$$\omega_k(\delta, f) = \max_{x, |h| \leq \delta} \left| \sum_{i=0}^k (-1)^{k-i} \binom{k}{i} f(x+ih) \right|,$$

especially the case  $k=2$  [see Zygmund, Duke Math. J. 12, 47-76 (1945); these Rev. 7, 60]. Let  $\varphi(\delta)$  be a positive function defined for  $0 < \delta \leq \pi$ , tending to 0 with  $\delta$ , non-decreasing but such that  $\varphi(\delta)\delta^{-\alpha}$  is decreasing for some  $\alpha > 0$  (the latter condition may be replaced by a weaker one). Let  $\varphi(u) \sim \psi(u)$  mean that the ratio  $\varphi(u)/\psi(u)$  is contained between two positive constants. The author states that if  $f(x)$  is continuous and of period  $2\pi$ , and if  $E_n[f]$  is the best approximation of  $f$  by trigonometric polynomials of order  $n$ , then (\*)  $E_n[f] \sim \varphi(n^{-1})$  implies (\*\*)  $\omega_k(\delta, f) \sim \varphi(\delta)$  for every  $k > \alpha$ ; conversely, if (\*\*) is satisfied for some  $k > \alpha$ , then (\*) holds. A. Zygmund (Chicago, Ill.).

*Smur  
R*

STECHKIN, S.B.

2

Steckin, S. B. On the problem of multipliers for trigonometric polynomials. Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR (N.S.) 75, 165-168 (1950). (Russian)

Let us write  $A_n \sim B_n$  if there exist two absolute constants  $c_1$  and  $c_2$  such that  $c_1 B_n \leq A_n \leq c_2 B_n$  for all  $n$ . Let

$$t_n(x) = \frac{1}{2}a_0 + \sum_{k=1}^n (a_k \cos kx + b_k \sin kx).$$

Suppose further that the sequence of real numbers  $\{\lambda_k\}$  satisfies  $\lambda_0 = 0$ ,  $\Delta\lambda_k = \lambda_k - \lambda_{k-1} \geq 0$  and  $\Delta^2\lambda_k = \lambda_k - 2\lambda_{k-1} + \lambda_{k-2} \leq 0$  and consider the trigonometric polynomial

$$\tilde{r}_n(x) = \tilde{r}_n(x, t_n) = \sum_{k=1}^n \lambda_k (b_k \cos kx - a_k \sin kx).$$

The author shows among other things that

$$\tilde{M}_n = \sup_{\|t_n\| \leq 1} \|\tilde{r}_n(t_n)\|,$$

where by  $\|\varphi(x)\|$  we understand  $\max_x |\varphi(x)|$ , satisfies  $\tilde{M}_n \sim \sum_{k=1}^n \lambda_k/k$ . His results are related to those of Szegő [Schr. Königsberg. Gel. Ges. 5, 59-80 (1928)] and Fejér [Acta Univ. Szeged. Sect. Sci. Math. 2, 75-86 (1925)].

A. C. Offord (London).

Mathematical Reviews,

Vol 13 No. 2

*Smirnov*  
*JS*